# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



### EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

**Operational Research** 

**Course** 

Field of study Year/Semester

Computing 2/4

Area of study (specialization) Profile of study

general academic

Requirements

Level of study Course offered in

First-cycle studies Polish

full-time compulsory

**Number of hours** 

Form of study

Lecture Laboratory classes Other (e.g. online)

24

Tutorials Projects/seminars

24

**Number of credit points** 

4

# **Lecturers**

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Prof. dr hab. inż. Joanna Józefowska

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#### **Prerequisites**

Basic knowledge in algebra, calculus, probability theory, statistics and computational complexity. Student should be able to perform basic matrix operations, calculate derivatives and find extremes of a given real function, calculate conditional and total probability, estimate computational complexity of an algorithm and problem, acquire information from literature. Student should understand the need to extend his/her competences.

#### **Course objective**

- 1. Provide students knowledge regarding models and methods of operational research, related in particular to scheduling in computer and management systems.
- 2. Develop students' skills in solving problems related to modelling and solving simple problems in continuous and discrete optimization.

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3. Develop students' skills in analysis and modelling of decision problems.

# **Course-related learning outcomes**

#### Knowledge

Students acquire knowledge in mathematics and mathematical modelling, solving complex optimization tasks using mathematical models and optimization methods; have wide and in-depth knowledge necessary to understand and effectively apply quantitative decision support methods, be informed about trends and advances in operational research, in particular optimization methods and techniques.

#### Skills

Students are able to acquire, integrate, interpret and evaluate information from literature, databases and WWW sources on optimization methods and techniques, are able to plan and arrange self-education process in particular covering issues of operational research, are able to apply mathematical models and optimization algorithms in decision support tasks, are able to integrate knowledge coming both from different sub-domains of computer sciences and operational reserach to formulate and solve engineering tasks, are able to use available software to solve simple optimization problems, are able to evaluate strong and weak points of algorithms and their implementation and assess their usefulness to IT tasks.

# Social competences

Upon completion of the course the student will develop the following attitudes: understands that knowledge and skills related to computer science and operational research quickly become insufficient, knows examples / case studies in quantitative decision support and understands their limitations, is able to correctly assign priorities to own tasks.

#### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

#### Formative assessment:

- a) lectures: based on answers to question in the written exam,
- b) tutorials: evaluation of doing correctly assigned tasks and two written colloquia,

# Total assessment:

- a) verification of assumed learning objectives related to lectures: evaluation of acquired knowledge on the basis of the written exam; discussion of correct answers in the exam;
- b) verification of assumed learning objectives related to tutorials: monitoring students' activities during classes, two written colloquia during the classes,

Additional elements cover: discussing more general and related aspects of the class topic, showing how to improve the instructions and teaching materials.

# **Programme content**

Lecture: Scope and methods of Operational Research. Classification of decision models. Linear programming: problem formulation and computational complexity, simplex method, dual problem (formulation, properties and interpretation). Non-linear programming: Lagrange conditions and method, Karush-Kuhn-Tucker theorems and method, gradient and non-gradient methods of solving NLP problems. Discrete optimization: Gomory's cutting plane method, local search algorithms. Deterministic

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scheduling: basic assumptions, classification and examples of problems and solutions. Probabilistic scheduling: queuing theory (basic algorithms, systems with finite number of states). Project scheduling: PERT, CPM and CPM-MCX methods, classification of resources, definition of RCSP. Introduction to Game Theory: zero-sum games, games against nature.

Tutorials: Formulation of decision problems as mathematical programming models. Solving PL problems with simplex. Finding initial basic solution. Fomulation, solving and interpretation of dual LP problem. Analytical methods of solving NLP problems: Langrange and KKT. Gomory's cutting plane method. Project scheduling with CPM, PERT and CPM-MCX methods. Solving zero-sum games.

### **Teaching methods**

Lecture: multimedia presentation, presentation illustrated with examples presented on black board, solving tasks, multimedia show-case

Tutorials: solving tasks, practical exercises, discussion, teamwork, multimedia showcase

### **Bibliography**

#### Basic

- 1. J. Józefowska, Badania operacyjne i teoria optymalizacji, Wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej 2012.
- 2. M. Siudak. Badania operacyjne. Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Warszawskiej, Warszawa, 1994.
- 3. Badania operacyjne, Ignasiak E.(red.), PWE, Warszawa, 1996
- 4. Badania operacyjne w przykładach i zadaniach, Jędrzejczak Z., Skrzypek J., Kukuła K., Walkost Anna, PWN, Wyd. IV zmienione, Warszawa, 2002

#### Additional

- 1. Handbook on Scheduling: From Theory to Applications, Błażewicz J.i inni, Springer, Berlin, 2007
- 2. Introduction to Operations Research, Hillier F. S., Lieberman G. J., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1990
- 3. J.G. Ecker, M. Kupferschmid. Introduction to Operations Research. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1988.
- 4. P. D. Straffin. Teoria Gier. WN Scholar, Warszawa, 2001.
- 5. T. Trzaskalik. Wprowadzenie do badań operacyjnych z komputerem. Polskie Wydawnictwo Ekonomiczne, Warszawa, 2003.

#### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	48(24I,24t)	2,5
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tutorials, preparation for tests and exam) <sup>1</sup>	40	1,5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate